



SAFETY DATA SHEET

compiled according to Safe Work Australia and the GHS

Creation/Revision Date: 1-Jul-21

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1. IDENTIFICATION

| | |
|---|---|
| Product Identifier | HYPLEX HSX ISO 22 |
| Product Code | 1117 |
| Other Means of Identification | Base Oil and Additive Mixture |
| Recommended Use of the Chemical and Restriction on Use | Industrial hydraulic oil, synthetic |
| Details of Manufacturer or Importer | Lidomont Pty. Ltd., trading as Prolube Lubricants 15 Pinnacle Street, Brendale, Queensland, 4500 |
| Phone | 07 3881 1733 (+61 7 38811733 – International) |
| Emergency Telephone | 000 (Australia Only) |
| Poisons Information Centre Phone | 13 11 26 |

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Physical Hazard(s) | Not classified as Hazardous according to Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) and Safe Work Australia criteria. |
| Health Hazard(s) | Not classified (All of the oils in this product have been demonstrated to contain less than 3% extractables by the IP 346 Test, hence are not classified as a carcinogen.) |
| Environment Hazard(s) | Not Classified |
| GHS Label Elements | None Applicable |
| Signal Word | No Signal Word |

Hazard Statement(s)

Void

Precautionary Statement(s): General

- P101** If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand
- P102** Keep out of reach of children
- P103** Read carefully and follow all instructions.

Precautionary Statement(s): Prevention, Response, Storage and Disposal

Not applicable

3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Component | CAS Number | Concentration |
|--|-------------------|----------------------|
| Distillates hydrotreated light paraffinic; Baseoil - unspecified | 64742-55-8 | > 90% |
| Proprietary Additives | | to 100% |



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4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation

Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Skin contact

Wash contact areas with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

Eye contact

Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.

Ingestion

First aid is normally not required. Seek medical attention if discomfort occurs.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing equipment

In case of fire use dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide fire extinguisher. DO NOT use water.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Combustion products may contain carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide and smoke. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Containers close to fire should be removed if safe to do so. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Wear Safe Work Australia approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No action should be taken which might involve personal risk or without suitable training. Use Safe Work Australia approved respiratory protection, chemical resistant gloves, protective clothing and safety boots.

Evacuate all non-essential personnel from affected area. Do not breathe vapours. Ensure adequate ventilation. Extinguish all sources of ignition. Avoid sparks and open flames. No smoking.

Environmental precautions

In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses, basements or confined spaces. Dyke far ahead of liquid spill for later recovery and disposal.

Methods and materials for Containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if safe to do so and absorb spill with sand, earth, vermiculite or some other absorbent material.

Collect the spilled material and place into a suitable container for disposal according to local regulations, preferably using a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Use appropriate personal protective equipment – see Section 8. Use safe work processes to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation of vapours. Use only in well ventilated areas.

Do not store in contact with food, beverages or tobacco products. Eating drinking or smoking in areas where this product is stored or processed should be prohibited. Always wash thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or reuse. Provide eyewash fountains and safety showers in close proximity to points of use.

Conditions for safe storage

Store in accordance with local regulations in a cool, dry and well ventilated area. Store in original container tightly closed and away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Check regularly for leaks and physical damage. Opened containers should be carefully resealed and stored in an upright position. Empty containers may contain residues and be dangerous. Store and use only in equipment designed for use with this type of product. Use appropriate bunding or containment to prevent environmental contamination.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure control measures

Mineral Oil Mist TWA 5mg/m³ Safe Work Australia

Engineering controls

Engineering controls should be in place as a primary source of protection over the use of Personal Protective Equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation of the working area or provide exhaust ventilation to keep the relevant airborne concentrations below acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure conditions such as applications, handling practices, concentration and ventilation. Information on the selection of protective equipment for use with this material, as provided below, is based upon intended, normal usage.

Eye and face protection: If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended.

Skin protection: Any specific glove information provided is based on published literature and glove manufacturer data. Glove suitability and breakthrough time will differ depending on the specific use conditions. Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times for your use conditions. Inspect and replace worn or damaged gloves. The types of gloves to be considered for this material include chemical resistant, nitrile or viton. Long sleeve and long pants will provide protection.

Respiratory protection: If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable. A particulate type respirator should be considered for this material. No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

For high airborne concentrations, use an approved supplied-air respirator, operated in positive pressure mode. Supplied air respirators with an escape bottle may be appropriate when oxygen levels are inadequate, gas/vapour warning properties are poor, or if air purifying filter capacity/rating may be exceeded.

Specific Hygiene Measures: Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practise good housekeeping.

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9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

| | |
|--|----------------------------|
| Appearance: Form | Viscous liquid |
| Colour | Clear, pale straw |
| Odour | Mild oil |
| Odour Threshold | Not determined |
| pH-Value | Not applicable |
| Melting point/Melting range | Not applicable |
| Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range | > 280 °C |
| Flash Point | > 160 °C (ASTM D-93) |
| Flammability | Combustible Liquid Class 2 |
| Auto-ignition Temperature | >270 °C |
| Decomposition Temperature | No information available |
| Explosion Limits: Lower | 1 Vol % (typical) |
| Upper | 10 Vol % (typical) |
| Vapour Pressure at 20 °C | < 0.5 Pa |
| Relative Density at 15 °C | 0.86-0.92 |
| Vapour Density | >1 |
| Evaporation Rate | Not applicable |
| Solubility in Water | Negligible |
| Viscosity at 40 °C | ~22 cSt |
| Viscosity at 100 °C | ~4.8 cSt |

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Will not occur.

Chemical stability: Stable at ambient temperature and under normal conditions of use.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Excessive heat. High energy sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidisers.

Hazardous decomposition products: Material does not decompose at ambient temperatures.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

| | |
|--|---|
| Acute Toxicity: LD50/LC50 values relevant | |
| Oral LD 50 | Not available |
| Dermal LD50 | Not available |
| Inhalation LC50 | Not available |
| Acute Health Effects | |
| Inhalation | No adverse health effects expected |
| Skin | No irritating effect |
| Eye | No irritating effect |
| Ingestion | No adverse health effects expected |
| Skin Corrosion / Irritation | Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met |



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| | |
|---|---|
| Serious Eye Damage / Irritation | Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met |
| Respiratory or Skin Sensitisation | Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met |
| Germ Cell Mutagenicity | Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met |
| Carcinogenicity | Mineral oils, highly-refined are classified by IARC as Group 3 – not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans |
| Reproductive Toxicity | Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met |
| Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - | |
| <i>Single Exposure</i> | Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met |
| <i>Repeated Exposure</i> | Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met |
| Aspiration Hazard | Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met |
| Chronic Health Effects | No information available |
| Existing Conditions Aggravated by Exposure | No information available |

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: Expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

Persistence and degradability: Base Oil component is expected to be inherently biodegradable.
Additive components show moderate biodegradation.

Bioaccumulative Potential: Limited potential for bioaccumulation.

Mobility in soil: Low solubility and miscibility. Floats on water. Expected to migrate from water to land.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal method and Containers

Dispose according to applicable local and state government regulations.

Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Packaging should be recycled and disposal via incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling not possible. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill grind or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death.

Special precautions for incineration or landfill

Consult your state Land Waste Management Authority for more information. Product may be suitable for burning in an enclosed controlled burner for fuel value or disposal by incineration at very high temperatures.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

| | Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG) | International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) | International Air Transport Association (IATA) |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|
| UN Number | Not regulated | Not regulated | Not regulated |
| UN Proper Shipping Name | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Dangerous Goods Class | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Packing Group | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| | | | |
| | | | |

Special precautions for user: None Available



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15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSMP) – Poison Schedule

Not scheduled

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

All components are listed or exempt

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared by Lidomont Pty Ltd, 15 Pinnacle St Brendale QLD

Revision information

Previous Versions: 14-Jul-2016

Date and Changes: Updated and Revised 01-Jul-21

Abbreviations Used

GHS, Globally Harmonised System of classification and labelling of chemicals

CAS, Chemical Abstracts Service (Division of American Chemical Society)

LC50, Lethal concentration 50%

LD50, Lethal dose 50%

STEL, Short Term Exposure Limit

TWA, Time Weighted Average

UN, United Nations

n/a, Not applicable

Disclaimer

This SDS is prepared in accord with the Safe Work Australia document "Code of practice for the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals – July 2020. The information and recommendations contained herein are, to the best of Prolube's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date issued. No warranty or representation, express or implied is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the data and information in this data sheet. You can contact Prolube to insure that this document is the most current available from Prolube. The information and recommendations are offered for the user's consideration and examination. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy itself that the product is suitable for the intended use. If buyer repackages this product, it is the user's responsibility to insure proper health, safety and other necessary information is included with and/or on the container. Appropriate warnings and safe-handling procedures should be provided to handlers and users.